

User Manual

Three phase HV Hybrid Inverter

Isuna D5K-TH~D12K-TH

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V1.2

Catalogue

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1.Overview

This document describes the product information, installation, electrical connection, configuration and commissioning, troubleshooting and maintenance, and technical specifications of the three phase hybrid inverter. Before installing and using the product, read this manual carefully to familiarize yourself with the safety information and functions and features of the product. Manuals may be updated from time to time, please obtain the latest version from the official website for more product information.

1.1 Scope of Application

This manual is applicable to the following inverters:

Model	Rate output power	Rated output voltage		
Isuna D5K-TH	5000W			
Isuna D6K-TH	6000W	3L/N/PE,220/380Vac,		
Isuna D8K-TH	8000W	230/400Vac		
Isuna D10K-TH	10000W			
Isuna D12K-TH	12000W			

Note: Since the product will be overload protected at an ambient temperature above 40 °C, the high temperature mode test in the Italian Grid Specification certification will be carried out at an ambient temperature of 40 °C.

1.2 Applicable Personnel

This document is intended for only professional and technical personnel who are familiar with local regulations, standards, and electrical systems, and have professional training and knowledge about this product.

1.3 Symbol Definition

In order to ensure the personal and property safety of users when using three phase hybrid inverters, as well as the efficient use of this product, the manual provides relevant safe operation information and uses corresponding symbols to highlight. To avoid personal injury and property damage, please fully understand and absolutely comply with these stressed information. The symbols used in this manual are listed below.

Danger

Indicates a highly hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

Warning

Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk that could result in death or serious injury if not avoided.

Caution

Indicates a hazard with a low level of potential that, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injury.

Attenion

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may cause equipment failure or property damage.

2. Safety Precautions

The safety precautions contained in this document must be followed when operating the device.

Attenion

The inverter has been designed in strict accordance with safety regulations and has passed the tests. However, as an electrical device, you must comply with relevant safety instructions before performing any operation on the device. Improper operation may result in serious injury or property damage.

2.1 Operation Safety

Attenion

- Read this manual carefully before installing the device to understand the products and precautions.
- All operations on the equipment must be carried out by professional electrical technicians who are familiar with the local standards and safety regulations.
- When operating inverters, use insulation tools and wear personal protective equipment.
 Wear ESD gloves, an ESD wrist strap, and an ESD suit when touching electronic

components to prevent damage caused by static electricity.

The manufacturer shall not be liable for inverter damage or personal injury caused by failure to install, use, or configure the equipment in accordance with the requirements of this manual.

2.2 PV String Safety

A Danger

Use the DC wiring terminal delivered with the chassis to connect the DC cables of the inverter. Use of other types of DC terminals may cause serious consequences.
Therefore, the manufacturer is not responsible for the damage to the device.

Warning

- Ensure that the assembly frame is properly grounded to the support system.
- After connecting DC cables, ensure that the cables are securely connected.
- Use a multimeter to check whether the positive and negative DC wiring terminals of the battery are connected correctly and the voltage is within the allowable range.
- Do not connect the same PV series to multiple inverters; otherwise, the inverters will be damaged.

2.3 Battery Safety

♠ Warning

- Read the battery safety contents in the user manual carefully before installing the device, and strictly follow the instructions in the user manual.
- The battery current may be affected by external environment, such as temperature and humidity, which may cause battery current limiting and affect battery on-load performance.
- If the battery does not start, contact the after-sales service center as soon as possible.
 Otherwise, the battery may be permanently damaged.
- > Use a multimeter to check whether the positive and negative DC wiring terminals of the battery are connected properly and the voltage is within the allowable range.
- Do not connect the same battery string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.

2.4 Inverter Safety

Warning

- > Ensure that the voltage and frequency of the grid-connected access point comply with the inverter grid-connected specifications.
- A protection device, such as a circuit breaker or fuse, is recommended for the AC side of the inverter. Ensure that the protection device is greater than 1.25 times the maximum AC output current of the inverter.
- The GND cable for the inverters must be securely connected. When multiple inverters are combined, ensure that the protection ground points on all inverters' chassis shells are equipotential connected.
- If the battery is not configured in the photovoltaic system, it is not recommended to use the off-grid function, and the resulting system electricity risk will not be covered by the equipment manufacturer's warranty.

2.5 Personnel Requirements



When the inverter is running, some components may be charged or hot. Improper use, incorrect installation, or operation may result in serious injury to person or property. Transportation, loading, unloading, installation, starting and maintenance operations must be performed by qualified electrical engineers.

2.6 Description of Symbols

There are some safety-related labels on the three phase hybrid inverter. Please read and fully understand these labels before installing the product.

Symbol	Symbol name	Symbol meaning
5min	It indicates the danger of residual voltage in the inverter.	Please wait for 5 minutes until the capacitor is completely discharged after the DC side of the inverter has been disconnected with power for a period of time.
	It indicates the danger of high voltage.	High voltage exists during inverter operation. If you need to operate the inverter, please make sure the inverter is disconnected.
	It indicates to be careful of high temperature surface.	The temperature of inverter housing is high during operation, so do not touch it, otherwise it may cause burns.
	It indicates grounding terminal.	Connect the inverter to ground for grounding protection purpose.
i	It indicates reading the manual.	Please read and understand this manual carefully before installing the inverter.

3. Equipment Inspection and Storage

3.1 Pre-signing Inspection

Before signing for the product, please check the following:

- Check the outer packing for holes, distortions, cracks, or other signs that may cause damage to the equipment in the packing case. If so, do not open the packing and contact your distributor.
- Check whether the inverter type is correct. If not, do not open the package and contact your dealer.
- Check whether the type and quantity of the delivered package are correct and whether the appearance is damaged. If damaged, please contact your dealer.

3.2 Packing List

After the inverter is unpacked, check whether the delivered package are complete. If any components are found missing or incomplete, contact the dealer in time.

Table 3-1 Components and mechanical parts to be delivered

No.	photos	descriptions	quantity
1		Inverter	
2		WIFI dongle (optional)	1 PCS
3		e-user manual	
4		Certificate, Quality 1 PCS assurance card	
5		Delivery inspection report	1 PCS

	T .	T	
6		AC load、power grid、 diesel generator terminal	3 PCS
7		Black 6.0mm² cable lugs (for load、power grid、 diesel generator side wiring)	15 PCS
10		BAT+ wire end input terminal plastic case	2 PCS
11		BAT- wire end input terminal plastic case	2 PCS
12		PV+ wire end input terminal plastic case	4 PCS
13		PV- wire end input terminal plastic case	4 PCS
14		PV-&BAT-wire end input terminal metal core	5 PCS
15		PV+&BAT+ wire end input terminal metal core	5 PCS

16		Wall-mounted rear cover	1 PCS
17	(A)	M8*80 expansion bolt	3 PCS
18		Waterproof cover	1 PCS
19		Cross recessed hexagon head combination screw M4*10	4 PCS
20		Cross recessed hexagon head combination screw M6*12	3 PCS
21		Smart meter	1PC
22		CT (used with the meter)	3PCS
23		Meter communication line	1 PCS

24		BMS communication line	2 PCS
25		PV & BAT Disassembly wrench	1 PCS
27	Do not Cal	Desiccant	1 PCS

3.3 Equipment Storage

If the inverter is not put into use immediately, store it according to the following requirements:

- Ensure that the outer packing case is not removed and the desiccant is not lost.
- Ensure that the storage environment is clean and within appropriate temperature and humidity ranges.
- Ensure that inverters are placed in the height and direction according to the labels on the packing cases.
- Ensure that there is no tilt and fall risk after inverters are stacked.
- After the inverter is stored for a long time, check and confirm the inverter before it can be used.

4.Product Description

4.1 Product Overview

Three phase hybrid inverter is a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter and battery energy storage as one, with a variety of built-in working modes to suit the diversified needs of users. In the period of rising energy costs such as oil and coal, the continuous decline of energy subsidies for photovoltaic grid-connected systems, mountain areas or base stations without grid, uninterrupted power supply and emergency power supply needs, three phase hybrid inverters can provide a complete solution.

4.2 Application Scenario

Warning

- The photovoltaic system is not suitable for devices that rely on stable power supply, such as life-sustaining medical devices. Ensure that no personal injury is caused when the system is powered off.
- Do not use a load with a high starting current in the photovoltaic system. Otherwise, the off-grid output may fail due to excessive instantaneous power.
- When the inverter overload protection occurs for a single time, the inverter can automatically restart; If it happens several times, the inverter will stop, and after the fault is rectified, the inverter can be restarted immediately through the App.
- If the load capacity exceeds the rated power of the inverter during power failure, the off-grid function of the inverter automatically shuts down. To start, turn off the large load and ensure that the load power is smaller than the rated power of the inverter.
- When the inverter is in off-grid mode, it can be used normally for ordinary household load.
- Inductive load: 1.5P non-variable frequency air conditioners are supported. The standby mode may be unstable if two or more non-variable frequency air conditioners are connected.
- ➤ Capacitive load: total power ≤0.7 x rated output power of inverter.

4.3 Appearance Description

4.3.1 Appearance Description

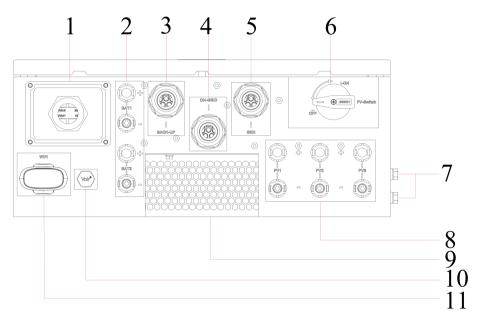


Figure 4.1 Illustration of the appearance of the inverter

Table 4-1 Appearance of the inverter

1	Communication module interface	2	Battery DC input port (BAT+/-)
3	Off-grid AC wiring port	4	Grid-connected AC wiring port
5	Diesel generator AC wiring port	6	PV DC input switch
7	Protective ground terminal	8	PV DC input port (PV+/-)
9	Fan assembly	10	Waterproof and breathable device
11	WiFi/4G interface		

4.3.2 Size Description

Figure 4.2 Overall size of inverter

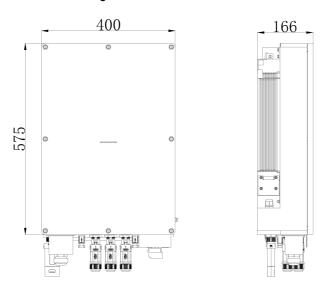


Figure 4.3 Dimensions of wall mount

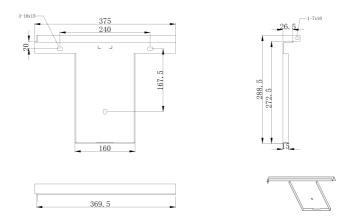


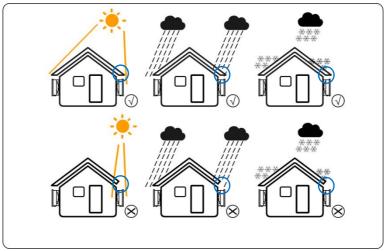
Figure 4.3 Dimensions of wall mount

5 Installation

5.1 Installation Requirements

5.1.1 Installation Environment Requirements

- 1) The equipment must not be installed in flammable, explosive, corrosive and other environments.
- 2) The installation position should be away from water pipes and cables in the wall to avoid danger during drilling.
- 3) The installation position should be out of the reach of children, and avoid installation in a position that is easy to touch. There may be high temperature on the surface of the equipment during operation to prevent burns.
- 4) The inverter should avoid the installation environment such as sun, rain, snow, etc. It is recommended to install it in a sheltered installation position. If necessary, an awning can be built.
- 5) The installation space must meet the requirements of ventilation, heat dissipation and operation space.
- 6) The protection level of the equipment complies with the requirements for indoor and outdoor installation, and the installation environment temperature and humidity must be within the appropriate range.
- 7) Make sure that the inverter indicator light and all labels are easy to view and that the terminal is easy to operate.
- 8) The inverter installation altitude should lower than the maximum working altitude 4000m.
- 9) Stay away from strong magnetic field environment to avoid electromagnetic interference. If a radio station or a wireless communication device below 30MHz is located near the installation location, install the device according to the following requirements:
- Add a ferrite core with multi-turn winding at the inverter DC input line or AC output line, or add a low-pass EMI filter.
- The distance between the inverter and the wireless electromagnetic interference device exceeds 30m.

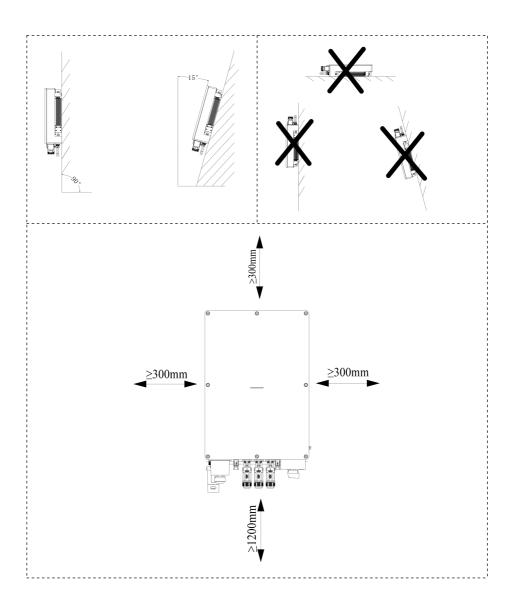


5.1.2 Mounting Carrier Requirements

- 1) The installation carrier must not be flammable material and must have fire resistance.
- 2) Please ensure that the installation carrier is solid and reliable, and can carry the weight of the inverter.
- 3) When the equipment is running, it will make noise. Do not install it on the carrier with poor sound insulation, so as to avoid the noise emitted by the equipment when it is working, which will cause trouble to residents in the living area.

5.1.3 Mounting Angle Requirements

- 1) Recommended inverter installation Angle: vertical or backward ≤15°.
- 2) Do not invert, tilt forward, tilt back beyond the Angle, horizontal installation.
- 3) At least 1.2m from the ground below the inverter, about at least 300mm.



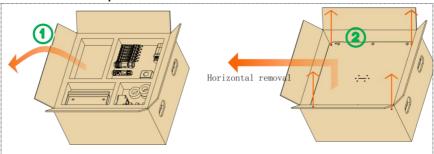
5.2 Mounting Tools

Table 5-1 List of installation tools

Parity					
Series No.	Tools	Description	Function		
1		Percussion drill Recommended 10mm drill	Wall drilling		
2	THE	6mm cross-head screwdriver	Removing, installing screws and wiring		
3	The state of the s	4mm cross-head screwdriver	Removing and installing load terminal screws		
4		Removal tool	Removal of PV, BAT line end terminals		
5	aff.	Wire strippers	Stripping wire		
6		Crimping pliers	Crimping PV and BAT cables		

7		Crimping pliers	Pressure welding grid, load end cable
8		6mm hex wrench	Fasten the grid terminal to the cable
9		Multimeter	Check whether the cable wiring is correct, the positive and negative battery terminals are correct and voltage, and grounding is reliable
10		Marking pen	Drilling mark
11	(SM)	Таре	Measurement distance
12		Protective gloves	Wear when setting up the inverter
13		Goggles	Wear when drilling holes
14		Dust mask	Wear when drilling holes

5.3 Inverter Transportation



! Caution

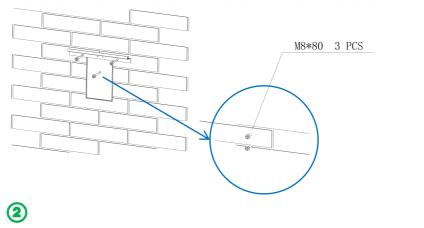
- When transporting, turning around, installing and other operations, it must comply with the laws and regulations and relevant standards of the country or region where it is located.
- > The inverter is heavy. Please keep it balanced during handling to prevent the inverter from falling and injuring the operator.
- The power cable and signal cable ports at the bottom of the inverter cannot bear any weight. Do not touch wiring terminals directly. Place the inverter horizontally.
- When the inverter is placed on the ground, put foam or paper under it to avoid damage to the shell.

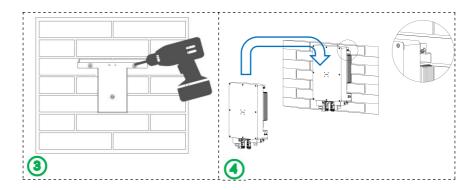
5.4 Wall Mounted

Attenion

- When drilling holes, ensure that the holes are drilled away from water pipes and cables Þ in the wall to avoid dangers.
- \triangleright When drilling holes, wear goggles and a dust mask to prevent dust from inhaling into the respiratory tract or falling into the eyes.







6. Electrical Connection

Before installation and maintenance, ensure that the AC/DC side is not powered on. The capacitors are still powered on for a period of time after the inverter is powered off. Therefore, wait at least five minutes to ensure that the capacitors are fully discharged. Three phase hybrid inverters are used in battery energy storage photovoltaic systems. Equipment can be damaged if not used as intended.

6.1 Electrical System Connection Diagram



Attenion

- Connect the N and PE cables to the ON-GRID and BACK-UP ports of the inverters in different regions according to local regulations. For details, see local regulations.
- > If the BACK-UP AC port is powered on after the inverter is started, power off the inverter to maintain the backup load. Otherwise, electric shocks may occur.
- Inverter ON-GRID and BACK-UP AC ports have built-in relays. When the inverter is in off-grid state, the built-in ON-GRID relay is in disconnected state; When the inverter is in the on-grid state, the built-in ON-GRID relay is in the closed state.

NOTE:

- Recommended parameters for DC circuit breakers on the battery side: Rated voltage ≥ 1000V, rated current ≥63A
- 2、Power grid side AC circuit breaker parameters recommended: rated voltage ≥500V, rated current ≥63A
- Back-up AC circuit breaker parameters recommended: rated voltage ≥500V, rated current ≥40A

Ac circuit breaker Grid (电网) •••• Ac circuit Ac circuit Installation Ac circuit breaker breaker direction breaker Inverter->Grid AC Load Back-up Load (电池) (重要负载) (柴发) (光伏) (一般负载)

Figure 6.1 Electrical connection diagram

Note: During final installation, circuit breakers for external connections to the inverter shall comply with IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-2 certification requirements.

6.2 External Port Wiring Instructions

Table 6-1 Cable Model and Specification Descriptions

Table 6-1 Cable Model and Specification Descriptions			
Port	Definition	Cable	Cable
1 511	Beilindon	type	specification
0 + 0 0 + 0 PV2	+: Connect to PV positive pole Outdoor	Recommende d 6mm² cross-sectional area of	
	-: Connect to PV negative pole	Multi-Cor e Copper Cable	conductor, maximum current through the wire is 30A
BATI	+: Connect to battery positive pole Outdoor Multi-Cor e Copper		Recommende d 6mm² cross-sectional area of conductor, the
	Cable	maximum current through the wire shall be 30A	

BACK-UP	AC load port	L1		Recommende d 6mm² cross-sectional
		L2		area of
				conductor,
				maximum
		L3	Outdoor	current
			Multi-Cor	through the
			e Copper	leading wire is
			Cable	30A,
		N		grounding
				cable specifications
				are the same
				as the phase
		E		conductor
ON-GRID	L1 L2 L3 AC grid port N P E		Outdoor Multi-Cor e Copper Cable	Recommende
				d 10mm²
				cross-sectional
		L2		area of
				conductor,
		L3		maximum
		N		current
				through the
				wire is 60A,
				grounding cable
				specifications
				are the same

AC Diesel generato r port	L1 L2 L3 N	Outdoor Multi-Cor e Copper Cable	as the phase conductor Recommende d 10mm² cross-sectional area of conductor, maximum current through the wire is 60A, grounding cable specifications
r port	P E	Cable	grounding cable

6.3 Connecting the Ground Cable (PE)

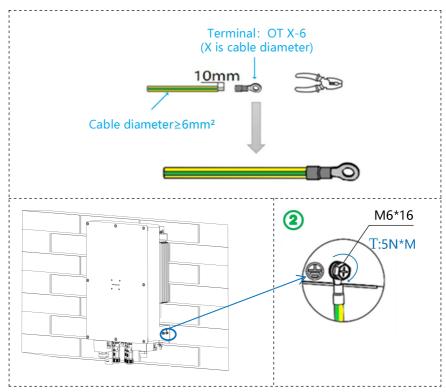


Attenion

Since the inverter is a transformer-less type, it is required that the positive and negative electrodes of the photovoltaic array cannot be grounded, otherwise the inverter will fail. In the photovoltaic power system, all non-current-carrying metal components (such as brackets, distribution cabinet enclosures, inverter enclosures, etc.) should be connected to the ground.

Figure 6.2 Schematic diagram of protection grounding

For yellow-green outdoor cables, use a wire stripper to strip the insulation layer of the ground cable to an appropriate length. Insert the wire core stripped of the insulation layer into the conductor crimping area of the OT terminal, and press it tightly with wire crimping pliers.



6.4 Connecting the PV Cable and the Battery Cable

Danger

PV series connection:

- Do not connect the same PV series to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.
- Before connecting the PV series to the inverter, confirm the following information. Otherwise, the inverter may be permanently damaged or fire may occur, which may cause personal and property loss.
- Ensure that the maximum short circuit current and maximum input voltage of each PV are within the allowable range of the inverter.

Ensure that the positive terminal of the PV string is connected to the PV+ of the inverter, and the negative terminal of the PV string is connected to the PV- of the inverter.

Battery cable connection:

- A battery short circuit may cause personal injury. However, a short circuit may release a large amount of energy, which may cause fire.
- > Before connecting the battery cable, ensure that the inverter and battery are powered off, and the front and rear switches of the device are off.
- Do not connect or disconnect battery cables when the inverter is running. Improper operations may result in electric shock.
- Do not connect the same battery string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.
- > Do not connect loads between the inverter and the battery.
- When connecting battery cables, use insulation tools to prevent accidental electric shock or battery short circuit.
- Ensure that the open circuit battery voltage is within the allowable range of the inverter.



PV series connection:

The PV string output does not allow for grounding. Before connecting the PV string to the inverter, ensure that the minimum insulation resistance to the ground of the PV string meets the minimum insulation impedance requirement.

Battery cable connection:

- When connecting cables, the battery cable matches BAT+ and BAT- on the battery terminal
- Ensure that the cable core is fully connected into the wiring hole of the terminal.
- Ensure that the cables are securely connected. Otherwise, the terminal may overheat and damage the device.

NOTE:

1.Before crimping the PV and BAT cables, ensure that the PV knob switch is set to OFF and the battery is powered off.

2. The photovoltaic module used to connect to the inverter should meet the IEC 61730 certification of grade A standard requirements, each photovoltaic series and battery input from the external circuit breaker allowed through the maximum current should be more than or equal to 30A.

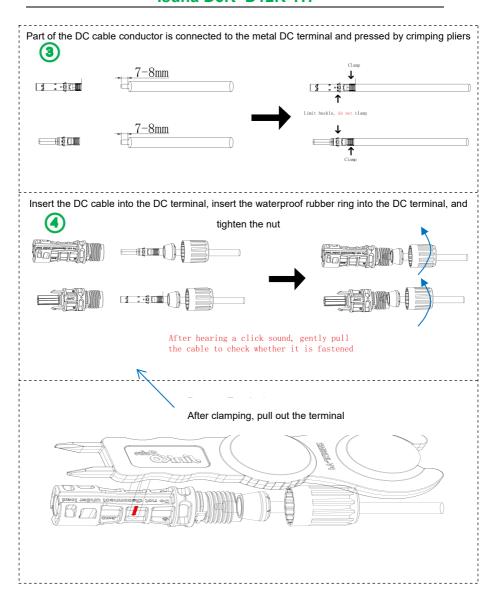
Remove the connector rear cover

**Waterproof rubber ring Nut

**Route the stripped DC cable through the nut and waterproof rubber ring

**7-8mm*

29



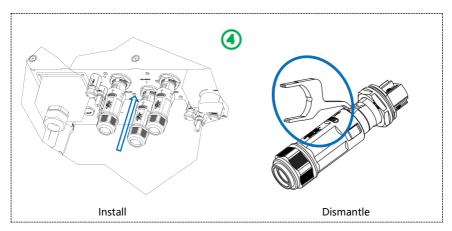
6.5 Connecting the AC Grid-Connected Cable

Warning

- > Ensure that the AC cable matches the L1, L2, L3, N, and ground ports of the AC terminal properly. Incorrect connection may cause device damage.
- > Ensure that the cable core is fully connected into the wiring hole of the terminal.
- Ensure that the insulation board at the AC terminal is tightly fastened.

Ensure that the cables are securely connected. Otherwise, the terminal may overheat and damage the device.

Figure 6.4 Connecting AC grid-connected 、 diesel generator cables

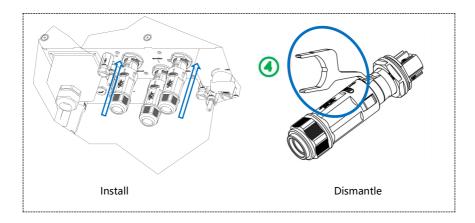


The maximum current allowed to pass through the circuit breaker used for the power grid should be greater than or equal to 60A.

6.6 Connect AC Load Cable

A(L1) B(L2) C(L3) N PE

Figure 6.5 Connecting AC load cables



The maximum current allowed through the circuit breaker for off-grid load to the external connection should be greater than or equal to 30A.

6.7 Installation of Communication Dongle

The communication collector is an external component that you need to select by yourself.

The collector is connected. The default WIFI/ Bluetooth module is used for remote monitoring and control of the inverter.

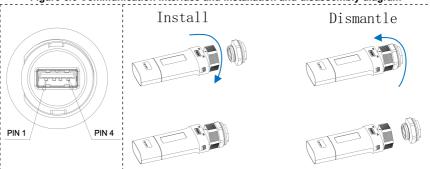


Figure 6.6 Communication interface and installation and disassembly diagram

Table 6-2 Indicators on the AGN8 WIFI Dongle

LED	state	Specific meanings
	Alternating flashing (cycle 1500ms, each light flashes for 500ms in sequence)	Self test mode
RUN&COM&NET	Flashing together (cycle 1 second, off 900ms, on 100ms)	Dongle is currently upgrading (including Bluetooth App upgrade)
	Illuminate together for 5 seconds	Dongle upgrade failed
	Slow flashing (on for 1 second and off for 1 second)	Dongle is running normally
RUN	Light off	Dongle running abnormally
	Twice flashing (on (off) 100ms, off (on) 100ms,	Dongle sends Bluetooth
	twice)	data to the app
	Flash (on for 200ms, off for 200ms)	Dongle time not synchronized (scanning will not start)
СОМ	Light off	Abnormal southbound communication
	Flashing once (on (off) 100ms, off (on) 100ms, once)	Normal southbound communication
	Flash	Connecting to WiFi
	Light off	Connecting to MQTT
	Slow flashing	Connecting to platform
NET	Always on	Successfully connected to the platform
	Twice flashing	Dongle sends platform data

Table 6-3 Meaning of AGN9 4G Dongle indicator light

LED	state	Specific meanings
RUN&COM&NET	1	1
		The process from power
	Always on	on to initialization
		Gateway initialization
RUN	Flash (with an interval of 100ms)	completed, flashing for 5
		seconds
	Twice flashing (on (off) 100ms, off (on) 100ms,	Slow flashing (with an
	twice)	interval of 1 second)
СОМ	/	/
		Looking for the internet
	Always on	or on a call
		Data connection
	Flash (interval 200ms)	established or network
NET		registered
	Classification (with an internal of COOper)	2G/3G network
	Slow flashing (with an interval of 800ms)	registered
	Links	Shutdown or module
	Light off	sleep

6.8 Connecting the Communication Port

Multifunctional communication port, including meter communication, BMS communication, DRMS, parallel communication and external dry contact signal.

Step 1: Route the communication cables through the waterproof cover and waterproof plug of the signal port, and connect the cables to the communication port on the corresponding device.

Step 2: Fasten the waterproof cover with screws and tighten the waterproof nut.

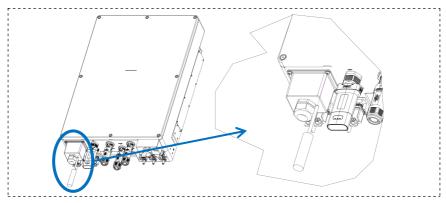
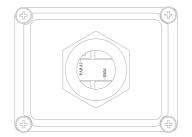


Figure 6.7 Interface diagram



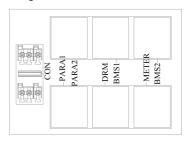


Table 6-4 Port description

PIN Definition	
2011	Function of heat pump/diesel generator
CON	multiplexed DO interface
METER	Electric meter communication interface
BMS1	BMS1 CAN port &EMS RS485 multiplex port
BMS2	BMS2 CAN port &EMS RS485 multiplex port
	DRMs/ diesel generator/lead-acid battery
DRM	temperature sampling function multiplex
	interface
PARA1	Parallel communication interface
PARA2	Parallel communication interface

Figure 6.8 Sequence of RJ45 crystal terminals

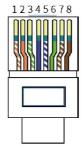


Table 6-5 RJ45 cable sequence colors

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Orange	0	Green&	Dlue	Blue&	C====	Brown&	Design
&White	Orange	White	Blue	White	Green	White	Brown

6.8.1 Smart Meter Connection

L1, L2, L3, and N on the meter are respectively connected to L1, L2, L3, and N of the power grid.

The current measurement needs to be connected with the current transformer. I1+ and I1- on the meter are connected to the positive and negative leads of the current transformer respectively, and then the current transformer is connected to the L1 phase of the power grid. Similarly, I2+ and I2- connect to the current transformer and connect to the L2 phase, and I3+ and I3- connect to the current transformer and connect to the L3 phase. EP+ and EP- are institutional verification ports. Users do not need to access these ports. The wiring diagram is shown in Figure 6.9. (For the system power distribution diagram, refer to Figure 6.1 Electrical connection diagram.)

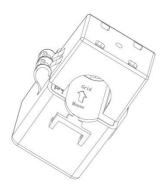
RS485

| Compared to the content of the content of

Figure 6.9 Smart meter terminal wiring diagram

The grooves of the current transformer have arrows for current flow, as shown in Figure 6.7. The tip of the arrows points to the power grid.

Figure 6.10. Direction of current transformer cable



According to Table 6-6, connect ports 8 and 7 of the RJ45 cable terminals on the METER corresponding to RS485-A and RS485-B on the meter corresponding to Figure 6.10.

Table 6-6 Smart meter interface description

PIN	Colour	Definition	Function	Note
1-6	/	1	1	/
7	Brown& White	RS485_B-EEM	RS485 differential signal B	Smart meter
8	Brown	RS485_A-EEM	RS485 differential	485 communication

6.8.2 BMS Communication Connection

Table 6-7 Description of BMS1 ports

PIN	Color	Definition	Function	Note
_	Orange &	DOAGE AA DMG	RS485 differential	
1	White	RS485-A1-BMS	signal A1	
		D0 405 D4 DM0	RS485 differential	
2	Orange	RS485-B1-BMS	signal B1	BMS1 CAN port
3	/	1	1	&EMS RS485
4	Blue	CANA-H1-BMS	CAN high level data	multiplex port
5	Blue& White	CANA-L1-BMS	CAN low level data	
6-8	/	1	1	/

Table 6-8 Description of BMS2 ports

PIN	Color	Definition	Function	Note
1	Orange &	RS485-A2-BMS	RS485 differential	
	White	R3403-AZ-DIVIS	signal A2	BMS2 CAN port
	0	DO 405 DO DMO	RS485 differential	&EMS RS485
2	Orange	RS485-B2-BMS	signal B2	multiplex port
3	,	,	1	mulapiex port

4	Blue	CANA-H2-BMS	CAN high level data	
5	Blue& White	CANA-L2-BMS	CAN low level data	
6-8	/	1	1	/

Note: Communication with lithium batteries requires attention to the battery's communication port sequence and pin definition.

6.8.3 DRMS/DI Connection

Table 6-9 Description of DRM ports

PIN	Color	Definition	Function	Note
1	Orange &White	DRM1/5	① The DRMS interface is	
2	Orange	DRM2/6	applicable to the Australian	DRMs/diesel
3	Green& White	DRM3/7	AS-NZS-4777.2 (some European requirements)	generator/lead-acid temperature
4	Blue	DRM4/8	safety standard	sampling function
5	Blue& White	REF GEN	②Chai hair function DI input ③Lead-acid battery	multiplexed port
6	Green	COM LOAD	temperature sampling	
7	Brown& White	1	1	/
8	Brown	1	/	/

NTC connection for lead acid battery:

- ① Cut one end of the standard network cable
- 2) Strip the green, green&white, and blue wires at the fracture by 5mm
- ③ Weld it together with the NTC pin as shown in the following figure (After confirming that the welding is solid, wrap the welding place with insulation tape respectively, pay attention to avoid contact with bare metal, prevent short circuit, and affect normal use)

④ Insert the finished NTC crystal head into the DRMS connector, and attach the NTC to the outside of the lead battery

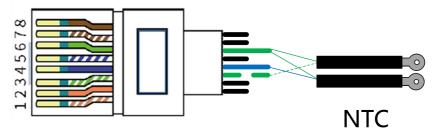


Table 6-10 Description of dry contact ports

	PIN	Definition	Note
201	2	OP1_NO	
DO 1	4	OP1_COM	External dry contact
	1	OP2_NO	port
DO 2	3	OP2_COM	
/	5-6	1	1

6.8.4 Paralleling

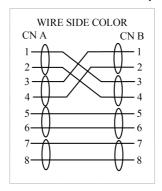
If multiple inverters are used, connect the terminal of the network cable to Pa1 of the first inverter, connect the other end to Pa2 of the second inverter, and so on. Table 6-11 describes the signal of the network cable. Figure 6.11 shows the sequence of the network cable connection.

Table 6-11 Description of parallel ports

PIN	Colour	PARA 1	PARA 2	Note
1	Orange & White	CON1_AO	CON2_AO	
2	Orange	CON1_BO	CON2_BO	Parallel signal
3	Green& White	CON1_AI	CON2_AI	

4	Blue	CON1_BI	CON2_BI	
5-6	1	/	1	1
7	Brown& White	CON_SyncH	CON_SyncH	Simultaneous
8	Brown	CON_SyncL	CON_SyncL	signal

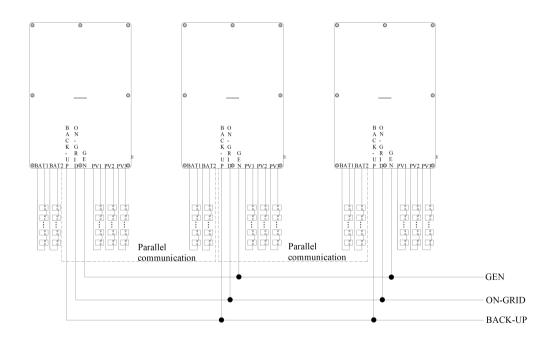
Figure 6.11 Parallel communication line sequence diagram



Application note:

- Supports a maximum of 6 three phase hybrid inverters in parallel;
- Ensure that the inverters are connected to parallel lines;
- Ensure that the load power is less than the maximum parallel power.
- The length of the cable connecting the load end of the inverter to the BACK UP end of each device must be the same to ensure loop impedance;

Parallel standard wiring is shown in the following figure, detailed operation see parallel system operation manual.



7 Inverter Operation

7.1 Pre-power-on Inspection

Serial	Check the entry
1	The inverter is firmly fixed to the mounting bracket on the wall.
2	Cables are bundled according to cable routing requirements, properly
	distributed, and without damage.
3	PV+/PV-, BAT+/BAT- cables are firmly connected, the polarity is correct,
Ü	and the voltage is within the accessible range.
4	The DC switch is properly connected between the battery and the inverter,
4	and the DC switch is off.
5	The AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between the inverter port
5	and the power grid, and the circuit breaker is disconnected.
6	The AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between the inverter load
6	port and the power grid, and the circuit breaker is disconnected.
7	For lithium batteries, ensure that the communication cables are properly
7	connected.

7.2 Initial Power-on

Follow these steps to turn on the inverter

- 1) Ensure that the inverter is not working;
- 2) Close the AC circuit breaker between the inverter On Grid port and the Grid;
- 3) Turn on the PV DC switch on the inverter (when connected to PV);
- 4) Turn on the battery and close the DC switch between the battery and the inverter;
- 5) The inverter starts to run after the self-test is successful;
- 6) Close the AC circuit breaker between the inverter Back up port and the load.

7.3 Working Mode

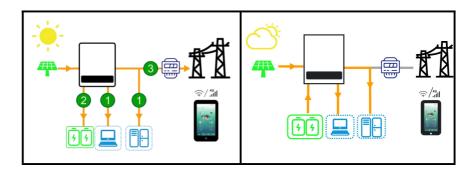
7.3.1 Self-use Mode (default mode)

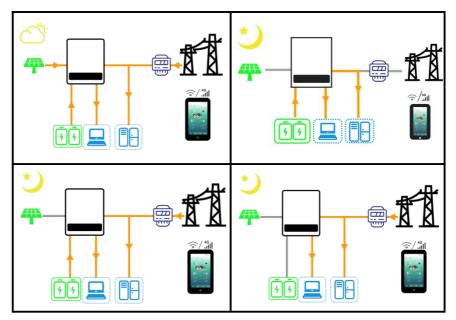
Function:

Give priority to the use of photovoltaic and battery energy, as far as possible not to use the energy of the grid. Photovoltaic energy is priority to supply loads, excess energy to charge the battery, and finally the remaining energy is fed to the grid.

Specific working mode:

- When the PV is sufficient, the PV prioritizes supplying power to the load, charging the battery with excess electricity, and the remaining electricity can be feedback to the grid.
- When the PV is insufficient, the PV and battery supply power to the load.
- When the PV and battery are insufficient, the PV, battery, and power grid work together to supply power to the load.
- When the PV is not working and the battery is sufficient, the battery supplies power to the load
- When the PV is not working and the battery is insufficient, the battery and the grid work together to supply power to the load.
- When the PV and battery are not working, the power grid supplies power to the load, forming a bypass output.
- When the power grid is unable to supply power, the photovoltaic and battery jointly power the load.





7.3.2 Timed Charge/Discharge Mode

Function:

Set the charge and discharge period and power based on user requirements. For example, when the electricity price is high during the day, set discharge, and the electricity of batteries and photovoltaic is used to power the load; Set charging at night when the electricity price is low, and the electricity of the grid is used to charge the battery, so as to achieve the role of peak cutting and valley filling.

Specific working methods:

Charging time period:

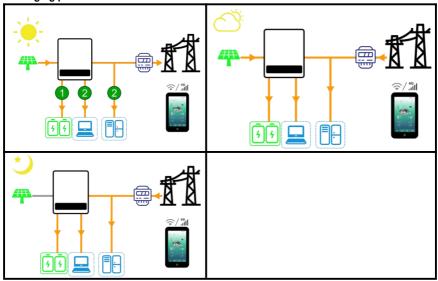
- When the PV is sufficient, the PV charges the battery, and the remaining electricity supplies power to the load.
- When the PV is insufficient, the photovoltaic and grid work together to charge the battery and supply power to the load.
- When PV is not working, the grid charges the battery and supplies power to the load.

Discharge time period:

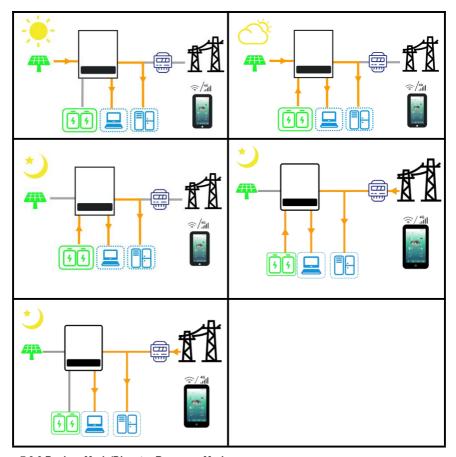
- When PV is sufficient, PV supplies power to the load.
- When the PV is insufficient, the PV and battery supply power to the load.
- When the PV is not working and the battery is sufficient, the battery supplies power to the load.
- PV does not work, and when the battery is insufficient, the battery and grid supply power to the load.
- When the PV is not working and the battery is not working, the grid supplies power to the load.

Note: The charging power is defined as the power of the inverter to charge the battery, and the discharge power is defined as the power of the inverter output.

Charging period:



Discharge period:



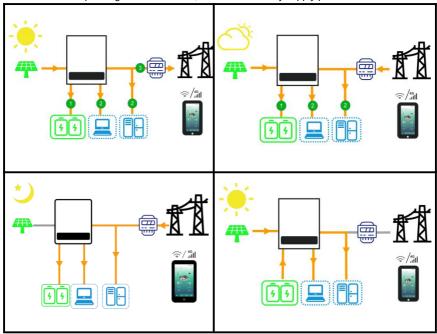
7.3.3 Backup Mode/Disaster Recovery Mode

Function:

When connected to the grid, the battery is always kept in a fully charged state to cope with sudden grid outages or other emergencies (photovoltaic and grid energy give priority to charge battery, excess energy to meet the load power supply needs, and finally the remaining energy is fed to the grid), so as to ensure that users can use the battery storage power to supply power to the load after an emergency (off-grid state) to avoid the situation of no power available.

Specific working mode:

- When PV is sufficient, PV prioritizes charging the battery before supplying power to the load, and the remaining electricity can be fed back to the grid.
- When PV is insufficient, the PV and the power grid charge the battery first, then supplies power to the load.
- When PV is not working, the grid charges the battery and supplies power to the load.
- When the power grid is unavailable, the PV and battery supply power to the load.



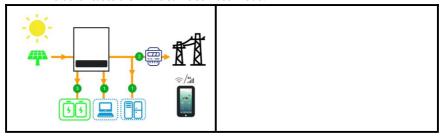
7.3.4 Priority Feed to Grid Mode

Function:

After meeting the load power consumption, excess photovoltaic energy is priority feed to the grid. Photovoltaic energy is given priority to meet the load power supply needs, followed by excess energy is fed to the grid, and finally the remaining energy is charged to the battery.

Specific working mode:

- If sufficient PV is generated, the PV supplies power to the load first and then to the grid. The remaining power (the part where the PV power exceeds the inverter power) can be used to charge batteries.
- The other cases are in the same self-use mode.



7.4 Operation Mode

7.4.1 Operation Mode Description

Table 7-1 Inverter operating modes

Series No.	Mode	Description
		Waiting phase after the inverter is powered on.
1	Standby	Enter the self-check state when the conditions are met.
		If a fault occurs, the inverter enters the fault state.
		Before the inverter starts, continue to self-check and initialize.
		If the conditions are met, the inverter enters the grid-connected
2	Self-check	state and starts grid-connected operation.
	mode	If no power grid is detected, the inverter enters the off-grid state
		and runs off the grid.
		If the self-check fails, the system enters the fault state.
		The inverter is connected to the grid normally
_	0	If it is detected that the power grid does not exist or the conditions
3	On-grid mode	do not meet the requirements for grid connection, it enters the
		off-grid working state.

		If a fault is detected, the system enters the fault state.	
		If the power grid conditions do not meet the grid-connection	
		requirements and the off-grid output function is not enabled, the	
		system enters the waiting state.	
		If after switching off the grid, it is detected that the grid conditions	
		meet the grid-connected requirements, and the grid-connected	
		function is enabled, it enters the grid-connected state	
	Off-grid mode	When the power grid is powered off or the grid conditions do not	
		meet the grid-connected requirements, the inverter switches to the	
4		off-grid state and continues to supply power to the loads.	
		If the grid conditions meet the grid-connected requirements, the	
		system enters the grid-connected state .	
		Before running, the inverter works off the network when the working	
		mode is set to off-network mode.	
		If a fault is detected, the device enters the fault state.	
_	Cavilt mand -	If a fault is detected, the inverter enters the fault state. After the fault	
5	Fault mode	is rectified, the inverter recovers to its original running state.	

7.4.2 Indicator Light Description

The bar indicator in the middle of the device panel indicates the inverter status in red, green, and blue colors.

Table 7-2 Indicator status description

Display item	Indicator light status	Corresponding status description	Notes
Green	Always on	Grid connection	Indicates that the inverter is currently working in a grid connected state and can exchange energy with the power grid.

			The load can be
			powered on for
			operation.
			Indicates that the
			inverter is in the
			power-on state and
	Flashing	Ddi.	needs to wait until the
	1s/time	Be ready	power-on is
			completed before the
			load can be powered
			on and run.
			Indicates that the
			inverter has just been
			powered on and the
		The inverter has	program initialization
		just been powered	will flash for 10s;
	Flashing	on and the	Indicates that the
	0.1s/time	program is	current working status
		initialized/Code	is in shutdown state,
		online upgrade	and it can be turned
			on and used normally
			after the code
			upgrade is completed.
			Indicates that the
Blue			inverter is currently
Dide	Always on	Off-grid	working in an off-grid
	Always on	On-grid	state and cannot
			exchange energy with
			the power grid. the

		Г	T
			load can be powered on and run.
	Always on	System error	Indicates that the inverter is currently in shutdown state, a serious alarm occurs on the inverter, and the load cannot be powered on and run.
Red	Flashing for 0.5s/time	System error	Indicates that the inverter is currently in shutdown state, a relatively serious alarm has occurred on the inverter, and the load cannot be powered on.
	Flashes 2s/time	System error	Indicates that the inverter is currently in shutdown state, an alarm occurs on the inverter, and the load can't be powered on.

8 App Introduction

Users need to choose WiFi dongle or 4G dongle.

ESS LINK Operation and use Please contact the manufacturer and check the ESS LINK operation and use manual.

Android version: Please scan the QR code below to obtain.

IOS version: Please scan the QR code below to obtain or go to the App Store search ESS LINK to download.



Android apk



Google play



iOS

9. Troubleshooting and Maintenance

This section will help you determine the cause of the problem you may be experiencing.

9.1 Alarm and Processing

Faults not mentioned in the following table still exist after being powered on. Contact vour dealer or after-sales service center.

your deal	ler or after-sales service	Cerner.	
Sequence number	Fault name	Note	Solutions
			PV
	PV 1/2/3 is not connected	Remind	Check whether the PV 1/2/3 is correctly connected and whether the photovoltaic DC circuit breaker of the inverter is closed.
	PV 1/2/3 overvoltage	Fault	Check whether the PV series voltage is higher than the maximum input voltage of the inverter. If so, adjust the number of series PV modules and reduce the PV string voltage to fit the input voltage range of the inverter. After correction, the inverter will automatically return to the normal state.
	PV 1/2/3 overload time out	Alarm	Check whether the inverter is in the overload state. The alarm is automatically cleared 10 minutes after the inverter is normal or the command is sent to clear the fault.
	PV 1/2/3 reverse connection	Fault	Check whether the PV 1/2/3 positive and negative terminals are reversed, and then power on again.
	PV connection mode is incorrect	Alarm	 Check whether the PV connection mode set on the APP host is consistent with the actual PV connection mode.

	PV1/2/3 power tube		>	Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and
	is faulty	Fault		close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5
	PV 1/2/3 soft start			minutes. If the fault persists, contact your
	failure	Alarm		dealer or after-sales service center.
	_		Batter	у
	Battery 1/2 is not	Remind	>	Check whether the battery overvoltage is
	connected	Remind		inconsistent with the battery specifications.
	Battery 1/2	Remind	>	Check whether the battery is correctly
	overvoltage	Remind		connected or the voltage is abnormal. If yes,
	Battery 1/2	Remind		the alarm is automatically cleared or the fault
	undervoltage	Remina		clearing command is sent.
	Battery 1/2 power is	Damein d		
	insufficient	Remind		
	Battery 1/2 do not	Alarm		
	charge	Alailli	>	Check whether the battery SOC is too high or
	Do not discharge	Alarm		too low. The fault is automatically rectified
	battery 1/2	Alailii		after the SOC returns to normal after the
	Battery 1/2 discharge	Alarm		battery is discharged or charged.
	terminates	Alaim		
	Battery is 1/2 full	Remind		
	Battery 1/2 reverse	Fault	>	Check whether the positive and negative
	connection			battery 1/2 cables are reversed.
			>	Use the thermal imager to check whether the
	Temperature of the			temperature of the lead-acid battery is too
		Alarm		high. The fault will be automatically rectified
	abnormal			when the temperature of the lead-acid battery
				is reduced to normal temperature.
			-	Check whether the wiring sequence between

the NTC and the network cable is correct. Reinsert the network cable from the communication port. Battery connection mode is incorrect Alarm Battery 1/2 overload timeout Battery 1/2 power tube is faulty Battery 1/2 soft startup fails. Procedure Alarm Grid voltage anomaly The NTC and the network cable is correct. Reinsert the network cable from the communication port. Check whether the battery connection mode configured on the APP host is consistent with the actual battery connection mode. Please check whether the maximum battery discharge current and maximum battery charging current and maximum battery discharge current are set too high in the battery Settings of the APP, and reduce the values appropriately. Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5 minutes. If the fault persists, contact your dealer or after-sales service center. Others Alarm Others Alarm Fit the alarm is occasionally reported, the power grid may be abnormal for a short time. The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid solution is required. Fit the alarm is generated frequently, check whether the power grid voltage frequency is					
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Battery 1/2 overload timeout Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Battery 1/2 power tube is faulty Battery 1/2 soft startup fails. Procedure Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Battery 1/2 soft startup fails. Procedure Alarm Alar				>	Please check whether the maximum battery
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tube is faulty Battery 1/2 soft startup fails. Procedure Others Alarm Grid voltage anomaly Alarm Alar		Battery 1/2 power	1		
Battery 1/2 soft startup fails. Procedure Others If the fault persists, contact your dealer or after-sales service center. Procedure Others If the alarm is occasionally reported, the power grid may be abnormal for a short time. The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check		tube is faulty	Fault	>	
Startup fails. Procedure Others If the alarm is occasionally reported, the power grid may be abnormal for a short time. The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check		Battery 1/2 soft	Alarm		
Others Grid voltage anomaly Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm Alarm		· ·			•
Grid voltage anomaly Alarm Alarm If the alarm is occasionally reported, the power grid may be abnormal for a short time. The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check					dealer or after-sales service center.
Grid voltage anomaly Alarm Alarm power grid may be abnormal for a short time. The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check				Other	S
Grid voltage anomaly Alarm The inverter will resume normal operation after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check				>	If the alarm is occasionally reported, the
Grid voltage anomaly Alarm after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check			Alarm		power grid may be abnormal for a short time.
after detecting that the power grid is normal, and no manual intervention is required. If the alarm is generated frequently, check		Crid voltago anomaly			The inverter will resume normal operation
> If the alarm is generated frequently, check		Grid voitage anomaly			after detecting that the power grid is normal,
					and no manual intervention is required.
whether the nower grid voltage frequency is				>	If the alarm is generated frequently, check
		Network frequency	Alarm		whether the power grid voltage frequency is
within the allowable range. If yes, check					within the allowable range. If yes, check
					whether the AC circuit breaker and AC cable
anomaly connections of the inverter are correct, and		anomaly			connections of the inverter are correct, and
whether the power grid is powered off.					whether the power grid is powered off.
> If the power grid voltage/frequency is not				>	If the power grid voltage/frequency is not

within the acceptable range, the AC connection is correct, but the alarm is repeated, please contact technical support	
repeated, please contact technical support	
	ort to
change the power grid overvoltage and	
underfrequency protection value.	
Power grid voltage	
reverse sequence Alarm	
Grid voltage is out of Check the phase sequence, voltage, and	ļ
Alarm wiring of the power grid.	
Neutral wire anomaly Fault	
Heat sink	
temperature is too Fault > Ensure that the inverter is installed in a p	lace
high that is out of direct sunlight, and restart t	ne
Ambient temperature inverter after the heat sink cools down to	60°C
is too high Alarm for 5 minutes.	
The inverter is If the fault persists, contact your dealer of	r
overheated. Alarm after-sales service center.	
Procedure	
➤ Check the impedance of the photovoltaid	;
string to the protected area. If the resista	nce
value is greater than 33 kΩ, it is normal.	If the
resistance value is less than 33 kΩ, chec	k the
short circuit point and rectify the fault. Cl	ieck
Insulation fault Fault whether the PGND cable of the inverter	s
correctly connected. If no alarm is gener	ated,
the system automatically clears the fault	or
sends a command to clear the fault.	
> If it is confirmed that the impedance is in	deed

				rainy environment, reset the insulation
				impedance protection point.
			>	Please check whether the inverter is
				connected properly.
	Leakage protection	F14	>	Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and
	failure	Fault		close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5
				minutes. If the fault persists, contact your
				dealer or after-sales service center.
			>	Check whether the external fan is blocked.
			>	Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and
	Fan failure	Fault		close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5
				minutes. If the fault persists, contact your
				dealer or after-sales service center.
			>	Please contact your distributor or after-sales
	Model capacity fault	Fault		service center to check whether the model
				capacity is set incorrectly in the APP.
			>	Turn off the AC circuit breaker on the power
				grid and check whether the power grid quality
				is poor or abnormal.
	Islanding protection	Alarm	>	Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and
				close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5
				minutes. If the fault persists, contact your
				dealer or after-sales service center.
			>	Check whether the battery is exhausted or the
	Dc bus undervoltage			power of the inverter is too large.
			>	Disconnect all AC and DC circuit breakers and
		Fault		close the disconnected circuit breakers after 5
				minutes. If the fault persists, contact your
				dealer or after-sales service center.

Parallel communication alarm	Alarm	A	Only in the case of parallel display, check the parallel communication line sequence is correct; If the sequence is correct, remove and reinsert the network cable from the communication port to prevent poor contact.
The system runs	Alarm	> >	Check whether the external fan of the inverter is blocked. Whether the ambient temperature is too high.
The number of parallel modules is abnormal	Fault		
The parallel module number is repeated	Alarm	>	Display only in parallel situations. Check whether the parameters related to parallel
Parameters of parallel modules conflict	Alarm		Settings in the App are set correctly.
The meter is reversed	Fault		
The electricity meter is connected abnormally	Alarm	>	Check that the meter is connected correctly.
The DSP1/2 parameter Settings are faulty	Fault	<i>></i>	Please contact your distributor or after-sales
The DSP/CPLD version is incompatible. Procedure	Fault		service center to check whether the parameters in the APP are set correctly or the software version is upgraded
The communication	Fault		

between the DSP	
and CPLD is faulty	

Table 9-1 Alarm list and troubleshooting measures

9.2 Regular maintenance

⚠ Warning

- Make sure that the inverter is disconnected from power.
- Wear personal protective equipment when operating the inverter.

Table 9-2 Maintenance Instructions

Maintenance content	Maintenance methods	Maintenance period
System cleaning	Check the heat sink, air inlet/outlet for foreign objects and dust.	1 time/half year~1 time/year
DC Switch	Turn the DC switch on and off 10 times continuously to ensure proper DC switch function.	1 time/year
Electrical connection Electrical there is copper leakage.		1 time/half year∼1 time/year

10. Technical Parameters

Table 10 Technical Parameters Description

	Table to reclinical radiance becompain				
Product model	Isuna D5K-TH	Isuna D6K-TH	Isuna D8K-TH		
	Battery parameter				
Battery type	Lithium	Lithium battery/sodium battery/lead-acid battery			
Number of battery input channels		2			
Battery voltage range		125~800V			
Full load battery voltage range	125V~800V	125V~800V	160V~800V		
Rated charging and discharging power	2.5kW/2.5kW	3kW/3kW	4kW/4kW		
Maximum charge and discharge current		25A/25A			
Peak charge/discharge current&duration		35A/35A& (60s)			
Communication Interface		RS485/CAN			
PV input parameters					

Maximum Input Power	10000Wp	12000Wp	16000Wp	
Maximum input voltage	1000V			
Starting voltage		140V		
MPPT voltage range		130~960V		
MPPT full load voltage		130V~850V 130V~850V 160V~850V		
range	130V~850V			
Rated input voltage		600V		
Number of PV input				
channels		3		
Maximum number of input				
strings per MPPT channel	1/1/1			
Maximum input current per		20A/20A/20A		
MPPT channel				
Maximum short-circuit				
current per MPPT channel	24A/24A/24A			
	Grid connection parameters			
Nominal output power	5kW	5kW 6kW 8kW		
Maximum output apparent	CLAVA	6kVA 7.2kVA 9.6kVA		
power	6KVA			

Maximum input power of the power grid	10kVA	12kVA	16kVA	
maximum output current	9A	11A	15A	
Maximum input current of the power grid	15A	18A	24A	
rated voltage		3L/N/PE, 220V/380Vac, 230V/400Vac		
Voltage range of power grid		184~276V		
Rated grid frequency	50/60Hz			
Grid frequency range	45Hz~55Hz/55Hz~65Hz			
THDi(@额定功率)	<3%			
	Off (grid parameters		
Rated output power	5kW	6kW	8kW	
Maximum output apparent power	6kVA 7.2kVA 9.6kVA			
Peak power, duration	10kW-10s 12kW-10s 16kW-10s			
maximum output current	15A	15A 18A 24A		
rated output voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380Vac, 230/400Vac			
Rated output frequency	50/60Hz			
ThDu(@线性负载)	<3%			

Diesel engine interface/diesel engine power switching time	support <10ms			
	Diese	l engine interface		
Rated input power	5kW	6kW	8kW	
Maximum Input Power	10kVA	12kVA	16kVA	
Maximum input current	15A	18A	24A	
rated voltage	3/N/PE, 220/380Vac, 230/400Vac			
Voltage range	185-276V (P2N)			
		efficiency		
Efficiency in Europe	97.70%			
Maximum efficiency	98.20%			
Maximum battery charging				
and discharging efficiency	98%			
Protection				
Photovoltaic DC switch	Available			
Photovoltaic Reverse input	Available			
Output overvoltage,	Available			

Features			
IP Degrees IP65			
Cooling method	Intelligent air cooling		
topology No isolation			
Ambient Temperature	-25℃~60℃		
Noise	<45dB		
Weight	25kg		
Dimensions	400*575*166mm		
	Routine parameters		
PID repair circuit	Alternative		
Integrate AFCI	Alternative		
protection	Available		
Battery input reverse	Available		
Surge protection level	DC Type II / AC Type III		
Insulation resistance testing	Available		
Residual current detection	Available		
Anti islanding measures	Available		
overcurrent, short circuit			

DC terminal	MC4		
AC output terminal	5Pconnector		
Human-computer	APP + LED		
interaction mode			
interface	RS485*1, Wi-Fi/4G*1, DO*2, DRM*1		
Scalability in Parallel			
function	Support		
Standard Warranty	10 years		
	Certification		
Grid	VDE-AR-N 4105;VDE 0126-1-1 EN 50549-1;G98,G100; CEI 0-21;AS/NZS4777.2 NRS 097-2-1;		
Safety regulations	IEC62109-1&2, IEC62040-1		
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3,EN61000-6-4 EN 61000-4-16, EN 61000-4-18,EN 61000-4-29		

(If 5-8kw models have certification requirements, please contact the inverter manufacturer)

Product model	Isuna D10K-TH	Isuna D12K-TH				
	Battery parameter					
Battery type	Battery type Lithium battery/sodium battery/lead-acid battery					
Number of battery input channels	:	2				
Battery voltage range	125~	800V				
Full load battery voltage range	200V-800V	240V-800V				
Rated charging and discharging power	5kW/5kW	6kW/6kW				
Maximum charge and discharge current	25A	25A/25A				
Maximum charge and discharge current	35A/35A	35A/35A& (60s)				
Communication Interface	RS485/CAN					
	PV input parameters					
Maximum Input Power	18000Wp	18000Wp				

Maximum input voltage	1000V				
Starting voltage	14	140V			
MPPT voltage range	130~	960V			
MPPT voltage range	180V-850V	180V-850V 240V-850V			
Rated input voltage	60	00V			
Number of PV input		2			
channels	•	3			
Maximum number of input	40	1/1/1			
strings per MPPT channel	1/				
Maximum input current per	204/00	20A/20A/20A			
MPPT channel	20A/20	UAI ZUA			
Maximum short-circuit	244/0	4A/24A			
current per MPPT channel	24A/24	4A/24A			
	Grid connection parameters				
Nominal output power	10kW	10kW 12kW			
Maximum output apparent	421474	12kVA 14.4kVA			
power	12KVA				
Maximum input power of	001374	20kVA 24kVA			
the power grid	2UKVA				

maximum output current	18A	22A			
Maximum input current of the power grid	30A	30A 36.4A			
rated voltage	3L/N/PE, 220V/380	0Vac, 230V/400Vac			
Voltage range of power grid	184~	184~276V			
Rated grid frequency	50/6	60Hz			
Grid frequency range	45Hz~55Hz/55Hz~65Hz				
THDi(@额定功率)	<3%				
	Off grid parameters				
Rated output power	10kW	12kW			
Maximum output apparent power	12kVA 14.4kVA				
Peak power, duration	20kW-10s	20kW-10s			
maximum output current	30A	30A			
rated output voltage	3/N/PE, 220V/380Vac, 230/400Vac				
Rated output frequency	50/60Hz				
ThDu(@线性负载)	<3%				
Diesel engine	support				

interface/diesel engine				
power				
switching time		<10ms		
	Diesel	engine interface		
Rated input power	5kW	6kW	8kW	
Maximum Input Power	10kVA	12kVA	16kVA	
Maximum input current	15A	18A	24A	
rated voltage		3/N/PE, 220/380Vac, 230/400Vac		
Voltage range	185-276V (P2N)			
	V	/oltage range		
Efficiency in Europe	97.70%			
Maximum efficiency	98.20%			
Maximum battery charging	Maximum battery charging			
and discharging efficiency	98%			
		Protection		
Photovoltaic DC switch	Available			
Photovoltaic Reverse input	Available			
Output overvoltage,				
overcurrent, short circuit	Available			

Anti islanding measures	Available	
Residual current detection	Available	
Insulation resistance testing	Available	
Surge protection level	DC Type II / AC Type III	
Battery input reverse protection	Available	
Integrate AFCI	Alternative	
PID repair circuit	Alternative	
Routine parameters		
Dimensions	400*575*166mm	
Weight	25kg	
Noise	<45dB	
Ambient Temperature	-25℃~60℃	
topology	No isolation	
Cooling method	Intelligent air cooling	
IP Degrees	IP65	
Features		

DC terminal	MC4
AC output terminal	5Pconnector
Human-computer	APP + LED
interaction mode	
interface	RS485*1, Wi-Fi/4G*1, DO*2, DRM*1
Scalability in Parallel	Support
function	
Standard Warranty	10 years
Certification	
Grid	VDE-AR-N 4105;VDE 0126-1-1 EN 50549-1;G98,G100; CEI 0-21;AS/NZS4777.2 NRS 097-2-1;
Safety regulations	IEC62109-1&2, IEC62040-1
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3,EN61000-6-4 EN 61000-4-16, EN 61000-4-18,EN 61000-4-29